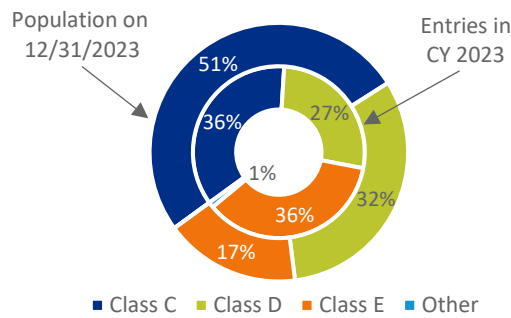


CALENDAR YEAR 2023

Sentencing Practices

- There were 172 Advanced Supervised Release and 69 felony habitual breaking and entering prison entries.
- There were 1,019 habitual felon prison entries; most were sentenced in Class C or Class E (both 36%).

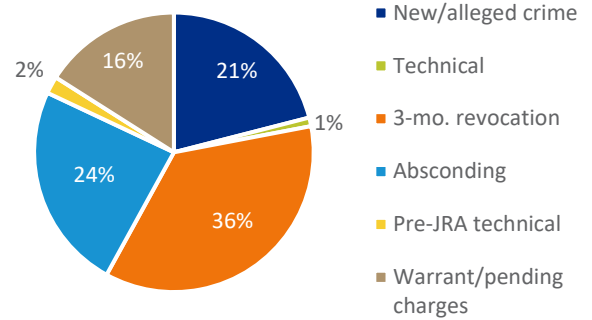
Habitual Felon Prison Entries and Population



Incarceration and Reentry

- Most offenders entering PRS (70%) were in Classes F-I.
- 43% of offenders exiting PRS were in Supervision Level 2. PRS revocation rates were highest for Supervision Level 1 (21% for Class B1-E felons and 20% for Class F-I felons).
- Overall, the largest categories for felony entries to prison were absconding from probation supervision (28%, not shown) and 3-month revocations for PRS violations (36%).

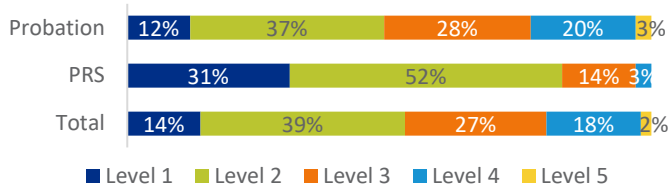
Felony Entries to Prison for PRS Violations



Community Supervision

- Of the 76,757 offenders under community supervision on December 31, most were assessed as either moderate risk and/or moderate need (31% and 38% respectively).
- A larger percentage of post-release supervisees were supervised in Level 1 (most restrictive level) compared to probationers.

Supervision Level

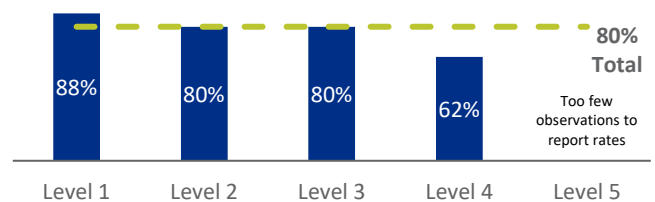


- There were 10,104 entries to the Treatment for Effective Community Supervision (TECS) programs; 1,969 offenders were enrolled in TECS on December 31.
- A total of 1,856 quick dips were ordered; a higher percentage were for misdemeanants (53%) compared to felons (47%).
- Of the 2,756 CRV dispositions, most (40%) were for offenders in Supervision Level 2.

Outcomes (1-Year Follow-Up from CY 2022)

- Probationers in Supervision Level 1 had the highest rates of subsequent violations after a quick dip (88%), while those in Supervision Level 4 had the lowest (62%).

Violations Following a Quick Dip Confinement



- 43% of offenders with CRV dispositions in CY 2022 had a subsequent violation within one year.

Outcomes Following CRV Dispositions

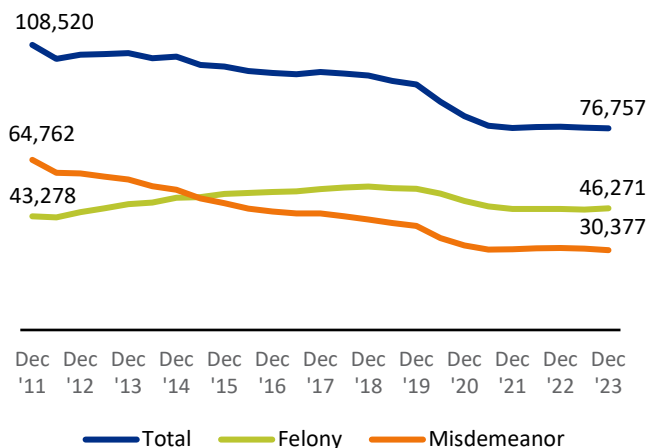
1-Year Outcome	Felons (%)	Misd. (%)	Total (%)
On Supervision	42%	33%	41%
CRV & Terminate	33%	45%	34%
Terminal CRV	17%	17%	17%
Revocation	8%	5%	8%

QUICK FACTS: JUSTICE REINVESTMENT

CALENDAR YEARS 2011-2023

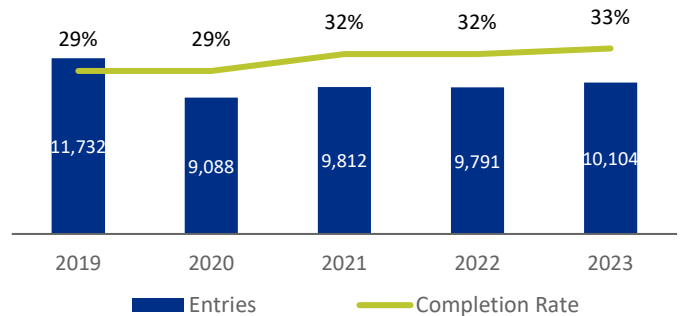
The overall community corrections population has declined 29% since December 2011. Starting in 2015, felony probationers comprised a larger proportion of the community corrections population than misdemeanor probationers. The overall population has been relatively stable since 2020, although there was a 1% decrease over the past year.

Community Corrections Population



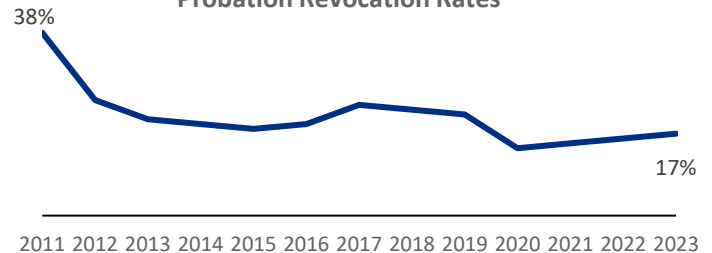
TECS completion rates increased slightly starting in 2021 (presently 33%); however, about two-thirds of offenders are not completing their TECS programs. In 2023, completion rates were highest for participants in Supervision Level 4 (43%).

TECS Entries and Completion Rates



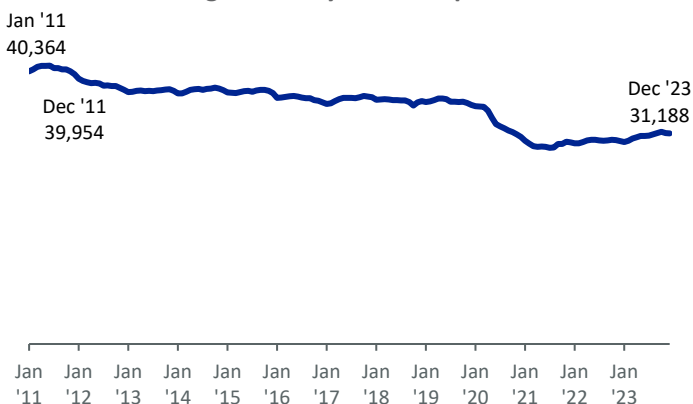
The overall probation revocation rate has decreased substantially since CY 2011. In 2023, revocation rates were 21% for felons and 14% for misdemeanants.

Probation Revocation Rates



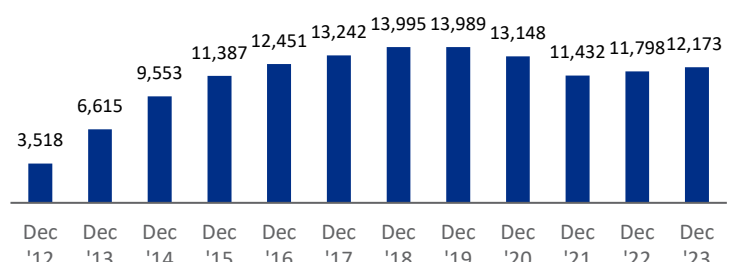
The average prison population declined from 39,954 in December 2011 to 31,188 in December 2023 (a decrease of 22%), with much of this decrease due to the pandemic. Across CY 2023, the population increased by 4%.

Average Monthly Prison Population



The PRS population increased steadily for 6 years (from 2012 to 2018) before beginning to decline, prior to the pandemic. In CY 2023, the population was similar to CY 2016.

PRS Population



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, 2011-2023 Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report Data

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The Honorable Charlie Brown, Chairman
Michelle Hall, Executive Director

For the NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission's *Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report 2024* and all other publications, see the Commission's website: www.NCSPAC.org.